'Carbon Navigator' decision support tool

Pat Murphy¹

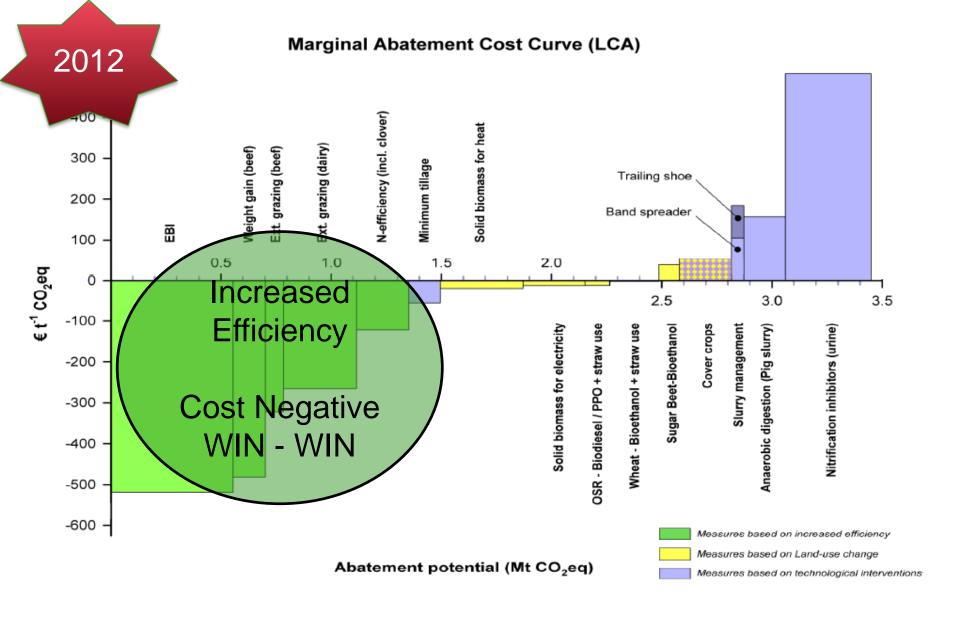
¹ Teagasc, Johnstown Castle



Outline

- Objective
- Implementation and Partnership
- Impact
- Future







The initial objective of the project

- □ To raise awareness amongst professionals
- □ To put GHG mitigation on farmer's agenda
- □ To provide a pathway for improved carbon efficiency, reduced emissions and profitability
- □ To support the marketing of Irish dairy and beef produce



A Partnership Approach

- ☐ Teagasc —Agricultural and Food Development Authority
 - Agricultural and Food Research
 - Education
 - Advisory Services



- □ Bord Bia Food Marketing Organisation
 - Marketing of Food Green Credentials
 - Quality Assurance Schemes
 - Adding Sustainability



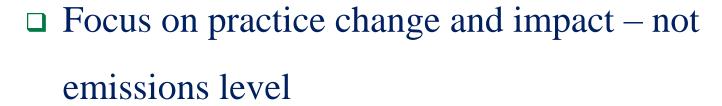


Farmer Contact – 70% of farmers

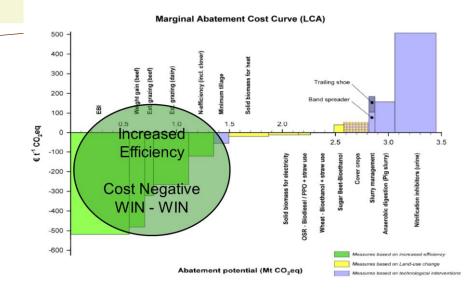


The Carbon Navigator

- □ On-line
- □ Simple



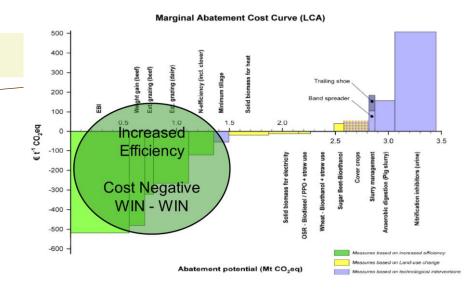
- □ Adviser operated
- □ Linked to National Data Sets





The Carbon Navigator

- □ To raise awareness
- □ To support 'conversation'
- □ To indicate impact for emissions and income
- □ To provide direction How to implement on farm
- □ To persuade
- □ To reinforce efficiency improvement messages





Average number of dairy Farmer Name Pat Murphy 100 Kilkenny North County Average number of co planned (3 years) 130 Soil Type Moderately Drained -Area farmed (ha) Livestock Units Other Stock 85 60 Plan Year 2014 Livestock Units Other 30 Stock (3 years)

Potential impact of meeting all targets

-12.9% **+€**10957

Year 2014		Current	Tarnet	Chart	CHC shangs	€ benefit
Tear 2014		Current	Target	Chart	GHG change	€ benefit
Grazing season length	Turnout Date - Part Time	10/Mar	01/Mar	Current Target Low Good Excellent		
	Turnout Date - Full Time	20/Mar	15/Mar		-2.9%	+€4590
	Housing Date - Part Time	01/Nov	07/Nov		-2.570	164330
	Housing Date - Full Time	01/Nov	15/Nov			
EBI				Current Target Low Good Excellent	-6.0%	+€3900
	ЕВІ	85	115			
Nitrogen Efficiency	Stocking rate (Kg N / Ha grass)	160.00	160.00	Nitrogen Usage Current Target Low Good Excellent	-1.7%	+€1045
	Chemical N used (Kg N / per Ha): Urea	20.00	50.00			
	Ammonium N	140.00	110.00			
	Import (+) or Export of Org Manure N/Ha					
	Meal keeding Kg / Cow	600.00	600.00			
	Milk output / cow (Kg milk solids)	400.00	420.00			
Slurry Spread Timing	% in Spring	40 ▼	60 ▼	Manure Management Current Target Low Good Excellent	-1.2%	+€154
	% Summer following 1st cut	60 ▼	40 💌			
	% Later in Summer	0 🔻	0			
	Application Method	Splash Plate ▼	Splash Plate 🔻			
Energy Efficiency	Plate Cooler Present	✓	▽	Current Target Low Good Excellent	-1.0%	+€1268
	Average Temperature of Milk after Plate Cooler	20.0	14.0			
	Variable Speed Vacuum Pump		₹			
	Method of Water Heating	Electricity 💌	Oil 🔻			

Grazing Season Length:

Early nitrogen is essential for early grass. Spread i.5 bags of urea from mid-February weather permitting

Manage soil fertility - sample your soil and apply P, K and lime as required

EBI:

Choose a panel of 5 high EBI bulls that compliment your herd. For most farmers fertility is the main weakness that needs to be improved.

Focus on your heifers - breeding heifers to carefully selected high EBI bulls is the fastest way to improve herd EBI and profitability

Order sufficient straws, e.g. 55 straws per 10 heifers required

Nitrogen efficiency:

Use urea, especially early in the season.

Try treated urea on a portion of the farmer for late spring, early summer applications.

Slurry Spreading:

Join GLAS selecting Low Emissions Spreading Option

Energy Use:

Make sure your plate cooler is working effectively. Measure the temperature of your milk entering your bulk tank and make sure it is not being pumped through too quickly.

Other Actions:

Plant Trees around the farmyard

Plant a double line of Alder west of the Cubicle House Plant individual or small groups of native trees around the perimeter of the farmyard

Coppice Hedgerow at the top of the lane field



Use of Carbon Navigator

- Initially optional use by advisers
 - Use in training
 - Limited use with individual farmers (~1000 farmers per annum)
- Inclusion in Agri-environmental and KT Schemes
 - Mandatory Tasks
 - Work with adviser to plan
 - Follow up included (limited)
 - 25,000 Beef Farmers
 - 10,000 Dairy Farmers



Dairy Farms – How can we reduce Agricultural GHGs



Better slurry and fertiliser management

Longer Grazing season



Improved Genetics



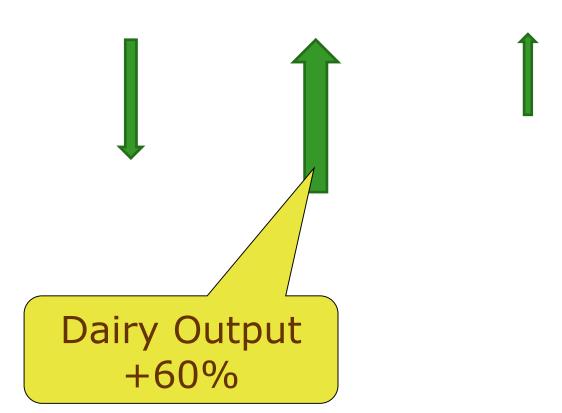
Increased N Efficiency







Footprint x Activity = Total emissions





Did we Save the Planet ???

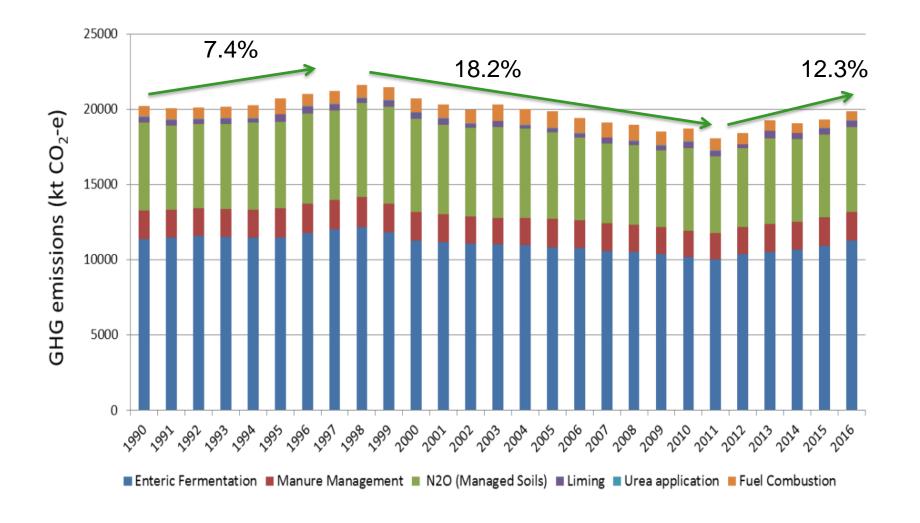


Achieved significant improvement in Footprint



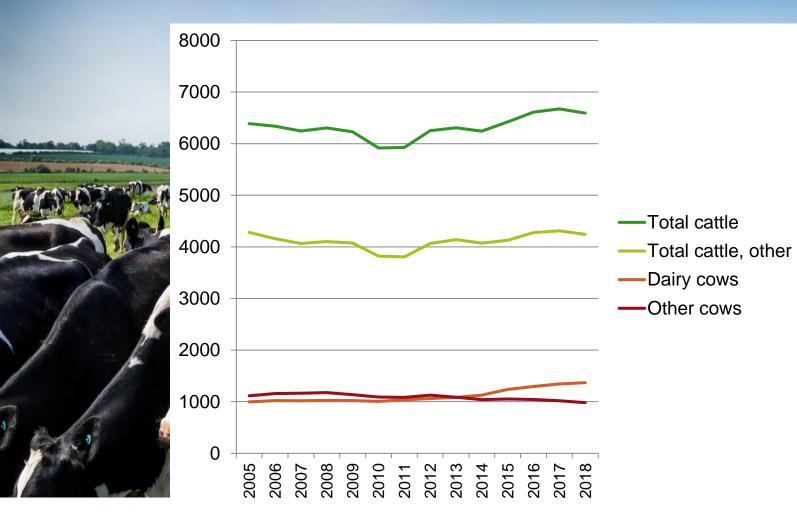


Agriculture GHG emissions profile





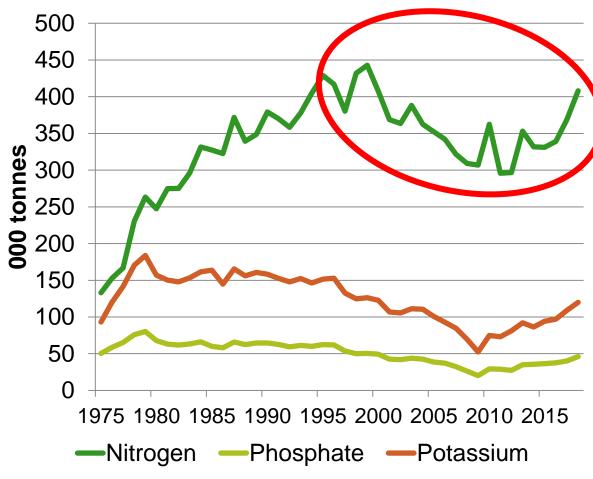
Irish cattle numbers ('000)







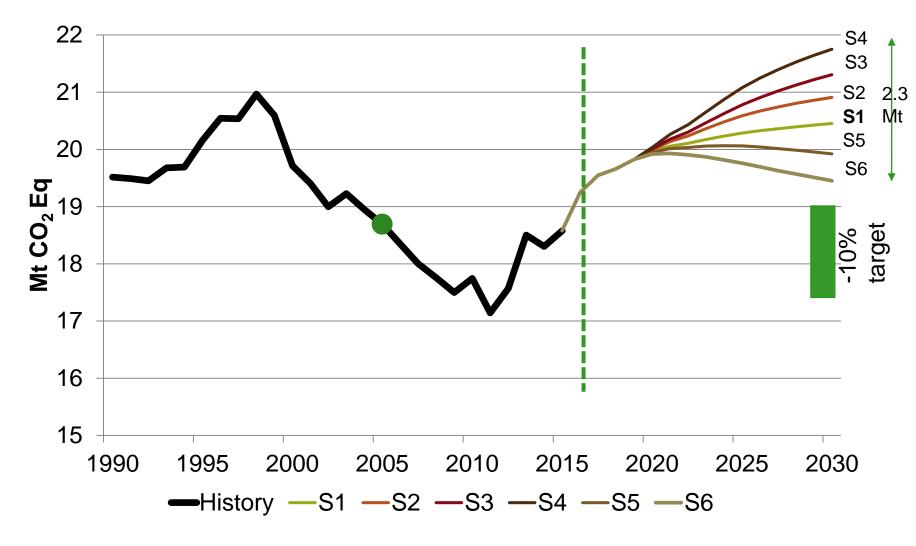
Annual Fertiliser Sales in Ireland 1975-2018



Source: DAFM



GHG emissions (no mitigation)

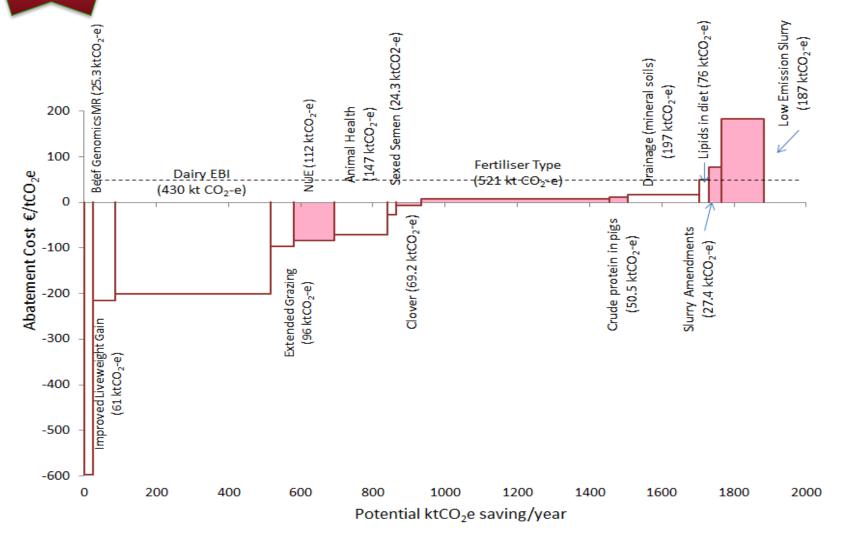


Source: FAPRI-Ireland Model



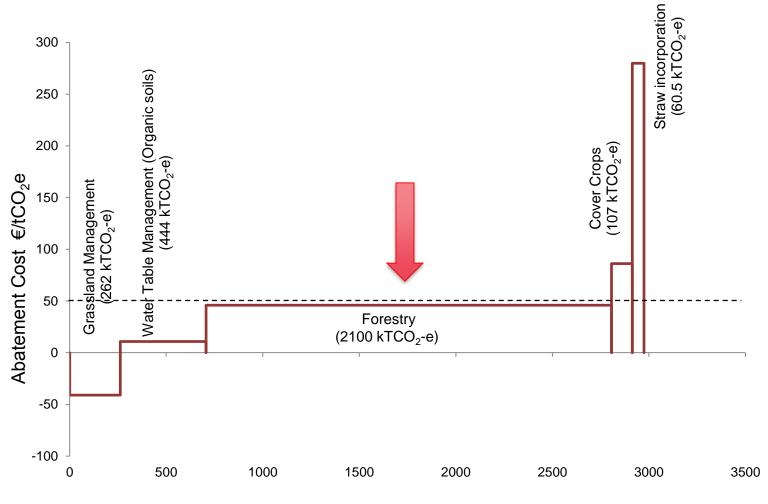
MACC – Agricultural Abatement

2019 inal Abatement Cost Curve for agriculture for 2021-2030 (direct methane and oxide abatement). Values are based on linear uptake of measures between the ars 2021-2030.



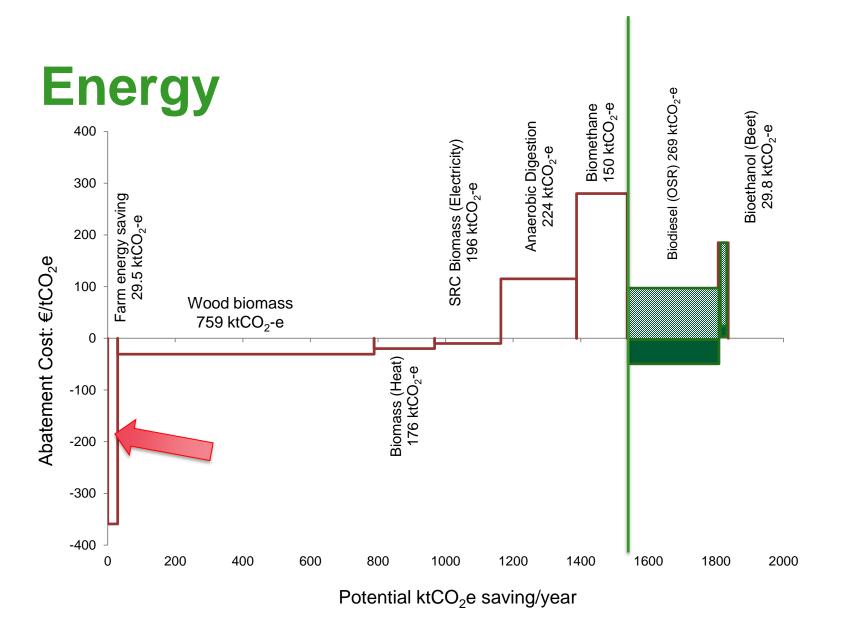


Land-use measure









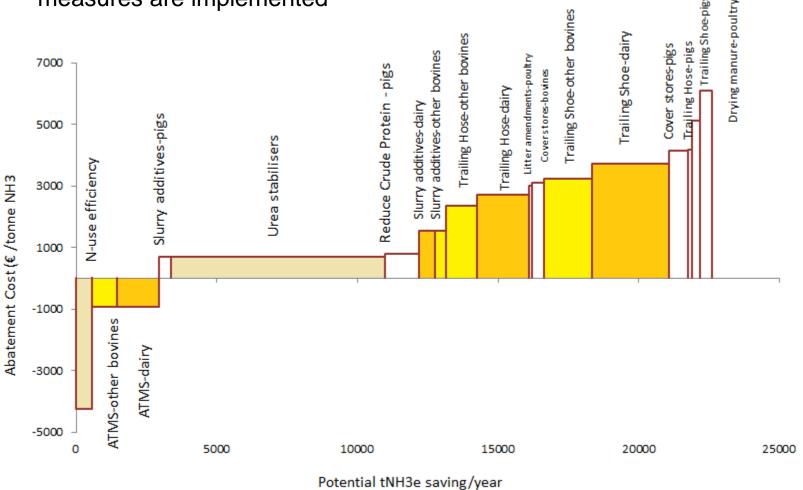


Ammonia MACC

Total achievable reduction is 22.5 t NH₃

Cost varies from 41-78M per annum depending on how landspreading

measures are implemented







Summary of Key of Measures 2019

GHG

- Dairy EBI
- Nitrogen Use Efficiency
- NBPT Treated Urea
- Low Emissions Slurry
- Forestry & Woodland
- Energy Efficiency

Ammonia

- Nitrogen Use Efficiency
- Urea Stabilisers
- Low Emissions Slurry







Carbon Navigator 2

- Massive Industry Challenge
- Mitigate or Cut
- Awareness no longer the focus
- □ Too Big to Ignore 34% of Total emissions
- □ Carbon Navigator 2 Part of Toolkit





Carbon Navigator 2

- Urgency for farmers driven by
 - Multinational Food Companies → Dairy Co-ops
 - Government & EU Regulation & Support
 - National Climate Action Plan
 - Citizens and NGOs and Press
 - Threat to reduce numbers
- Partnership Approach





Carbon Navigator 2

- Integrated tool across sustainability challenges
 - GHG and Ammonia
 - Water Quality
 - Biodiversity
- Focus on current status of practice adoption on Farms
- Broad range of measures from MACC
- Target setting
- Focus on realistic number of measures
- Quantification of Impact
- Advice for Implementation
- Structured Follow up

